## Assessment of Scientific Literacy in the Scottish Curriculum for Excellence

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## Outline

- I. Scottish Curriculum for Excellence
- II. The National 5 Assignment
- III. Implementation of the National 5 Assignment in East Renfrewshire Council
- IV. PISA 2015 Scientific literacy
- V. Research aims
- VI. Collaboration between DCU and East Renfrewshire Council
- VII. Motivation for taking part in this research
- VIII. Overview of our experience and next steps







### Outline of the Scottish Curriculum for Excellence

#### Purposes of the curriculum 3-18

#### successful learners

#### with:

- enthusiasm and motivation for learning
- determination to reach high standards of achievement
- openness to new thinking and ideas and able to:
- use literacy, communication and numeracy skills
- use technology for learning
- think creatively and independently
- learn independently and as part of a group
- make reasoned evaluations
- link and apply different kinds of learning new situations.

#### confident individuals

#### with:

- self-respect
- a sense of physical, mental and emotional wellbeing
- secure values and beliefs
- ambition

#### and able to:

- · relate to others and manage themselves
- pursue a healthy and active lifestyle
- be self-aware
- develop and communicate their own beliefs and view of the world
- · live as independently as they can
- assess risk and make informed decision achieve success in different areas of

#### To enable all young people to become:

#### responsible citizens

- with:
- · respect for others
- commitment to participate responsibly in political, economic, social and cultural life and able to:
- develop knowledge and understanding of the world and Scotland's place in it
- understand different beliefs and cultures
- · make informed choices and decisions
- evaluate environmental, scientific and technological issues
- develop informed, ethical views of complex issues.

#### effective contributors

with:

- an enterprising attitude
- resilience
- self-reliance
  and able to:
- communicate in different ways and in different settings
- · work in partnership and in teams
- · take the initiative and lead
- apply critical thinking and new contexts
- · create and develop
- solve problems.

### The National 5 Assignment

#### The assessment has been designed to assess the following:

- applying knowledge of biology to new situations and interpreting information;
- selecting and presenting information appropriately in a variety of forms;
- processing the information/data collected;
- drawing valid conclusions and giving explanations supported by evidence/justification, and
- communicating findings/information.

The assignment offers challenge by requiring skills, knowledge and understanding to be applied in a context that is one or more of the following:

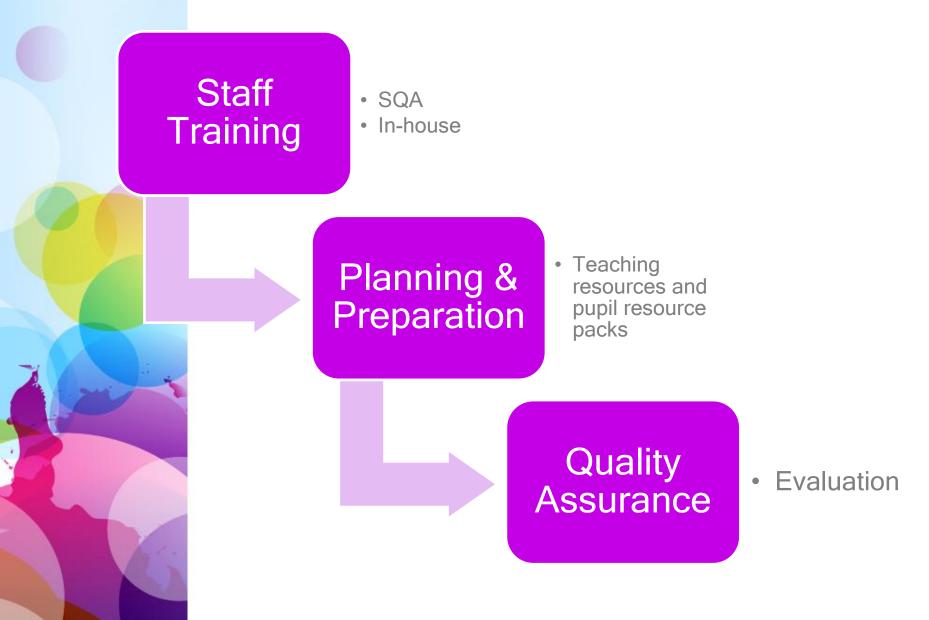
- unfamiliar
- familiar but investigated in greater depth
- integrates a number of familiar contexts

### Introduction of the National 5 Assignment

#### Candidates are expected to:

- choose, with support, a relevant topic in biology that has an effect on the environment and/or society
- devise an appropriate aim
- describe the relevant application(s) of biology and explain the effect on the environment/society
- research the topic by selecting, processing and presenting relevant data/information
- draw a conclusion
- describe underpinning biology knowledge and understanding and explain its relevance to the topic researched
- communicate the findings of the research in a report

### Implementation of this Assessment



### PISA 2015 - Scientific Literacy

Scientific Literacy is the ability to engage with science-related issues, and with the ideas of science, as a reflective citizen.

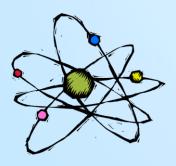
A scientifically literate person, therefore, is willing to engage in reasoned discourse about science and technology...

OECD 2013

### PISA 2015 - Scientific Literacy

... which requires the competencies to:

- 1. Explain phenomena scientifically
- 2. Evaluate and design scientific enquiry
- 3. Interpret data and evidence scientifically



R Chadwick Scientific Literacy



# 1. Explain phenomena scientifically

**OECD 2013** 

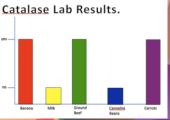
- A. Recall and apply appropriate scientific knowledge;
- B. Identify, use and generate explanatory models and representations;
- C. Make and justify appropriate predictions;
- D. Offer explanatory hypotheses;
- E. Explain the potential implications of scientific knowledge for society.



**OECD 2013** 

# 2. Evaluate and design scientific enquiry

- A. Identify the question explored in a given scientific study;
- B. Distinguish questions that are possible to investigate scientifically;
- C. Propose a way of exploring a given question scientifically;
- D. Evaluate ways of exploring a given question scientifically;
- E. Describe and evaluate a range of ways that scientists use to ensure the reliability of data and the objectivity and generalisability of explanations.





# 3. Interpret data and evidence scientifically

- A. Transform data from one representation to another;
- B. Analyse and interpret data and draw appropriate conclusions;
- C. Identify the assumptions, evidence and reasoning in sciencerelated texts;
- Distinguish between arguments which are based on scientific evidence and theory and those based on other considerations;
- E. Evaluate scientific arguments and evidence from different sources (e.g. newspaper, internet, journals).

OECD 2013

# Scientific Literacy & Socio-scientific research

- Student-led socio-scientific research tasks can be used to develop and assess many of the competencies associated with scientific literacy.
- The benefits of such tasks are...
  - They provide real life contexts.
  - They can be personalised by the student to suit their own interests.
  - Topics tend to be more contemporary and can focus on cutting edge science, increasing student interest.

Zeidler & Nichols 2009

## Study Aims

- Present a case study of the implementation of the National 5 Biology Assignment, a student-led SSI assessment.
- Investigate the development and assessment of scientific literacy through student-led, socio-scientific research assessment.
- Document student and teacher experiences of carrying out the National 5 Assignment and examine these experiences in the context of the PISA framework for scientific literacy.



## **Partnership Timeline**

 June 2015 – initial meeting to establish the foundations of the partnership and to identify the case study:

The Case Study

#### **Participants**

Six teachers and their classes took part in the case study.

#### Methodology

Examination of teacher lesson reflections Examination of student lesson evaluations Interviews with five participating teachers



## **Partnership Timeline**

- October 2015 the assignment process took place in school.
- November 2015 teacher and pupil reflections were gathered based on the assignment process, focus groups were held and questionnaires were completed.
- May 2016 Ruth interviewed teachers and the lesson and focus group recordings and teacher and pupil reflections were submitted to Ruth.
- June 2016 presenting the success of this partnership at SMEC



## Our Motivation for Taking Part in this Research Partnership

- Support professional enquiry and reflection as part of our career long professional learning.
- To secure a sustainable a learning partner.
- Sharing good practice and taking pride in our work.
- To supplement our own quality assurance programme for the assignment process within our school.
- Help to ensure that teachers have a clear and consistent view of the outcomes for the assessment and safeguard equality and inclusion.

### Overview of our Experience and Implications





### **Further Research**

- Thematic analysis of teacher and student reflections
- Continue the case study with the 2016/17 cohort of students
- Recruit other subject teachers (physics and chemistry) for 2016/17



